AK Scientific, Inc.

Safety Data Sheet (United States) Metformin HCl

| Metformin HCl |
|---|
| 1506 |
| 3-(Diaminomethylidene)-1,1-dimethylguanidine;hydrochloride |
| Only for research and development use by, or directly under the supervision |
| of, a technically qualified individual. |
| AK Scientific, Inc. |
| 30023 Ahern Ave. |
| Union City, CA 94587 |
| (510) 429-8835 |
| (510) 429-8836 |
| www.aksci.com |
| 1-800-633-8253 United States & Canada |
| 1-801-629-0667 International |
| |

2.Hazard Identification:

GHS Classification (United States) Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4)

Pictogram(s)



Signal word:

Warning

Hazard statement(s) H302

Harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statement(s):

P264Wash skin thoroughly after handling.P270Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.P301+P312+P330If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.P501Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS:

None

3.Composition/Information on Ingredients

| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|-----------|---|
| Synonyms: | 1,1-Dimethylbiguanide hydrochloride; Diabefagos; Meguan; Glyciphage |
| CAS#: | 1115-70-4 |
| Purity: | 98% (HPLC) |
| EC: | 214-230-6 |
| | |

4. First Aid Measures

General Information: Immediately remove any clothing contaminated by the product. Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician and show this safety data sheet.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical aid.

Skin contact: Immediately flush skin with running water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Obtain medical aid immediately. **Eye contact:** Immediately flush open eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical

aid immediately.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting without medical advice. Rinse mouth with water. Never administer anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Obtain medical aid immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: No further information available. Please see sections 2 and 11.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: No further information available.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or chemical foam. **Specific hazards arising from the chemical:** Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride, Nitrogen oxides. Advice for firefighters: As in any fire, wear a NIOSH-approved or equivalent, pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Wear protective equipment and keep unprotected personnel away. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Prevent further leak or spill if safe to do so. For personal protective equipment, please refer to section 8.

Environmental precautions: Do not let product enter drains, other waterways, or soil.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Prevent further leak or spill if safe to do so. Vacuum, sweep up, or absorb with inert material and place into a suitable disposal container. Consult local regulations for disposal. See section 13 for further disposal information.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling: Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and personal clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing fumes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, and eye/face protection. Keep away from sources of ignition. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container tightly closed. Open and handle container with care. Do not eat, drink, or smoke while handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in a tightly-closed container when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from sources of ignition. ,Store long-term in a cool, dry place.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure limits:

| OSHA PEL: | Not available. |
|------------|----------------|
| NIOSH REL: | Not available. |
| ACGIH TLV: | Not available. |

Appropriate engineering controls: Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash fountain. Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Personal protection

Eyes:

Based on an evaluation of the eye or face hazards present, wear chemical splash-resistant safety glasses or goggles with side protection. A face shield may be appropriate in some workplaces. Use eyewear tested and approved under appropriate government standards

| - | such as OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133 or EU EN166. |
|---------------|---|
| Hands: | Wear gloves selected based on an evaluation of the possible hazards to hands and skin, |
| | the duration of use, the physical conditions of the workplace, and the chemical resistance |
| | and physical properties of the glove material. |
| Skin and body | : Protective clothing must be selected based on the hazards present in the workplace, the |
| | physical environment, the duration of exposure, and other factors. No fabric can provide |
| | protection against all potential hazards; therefore it is important to select the appropriate |
| | protective clothing for each specific hazard. At the minimum, wear a laboratory coat and |
| | close-toed footwear. |
| Respiratory: | Respirators are not a substitute for accepted engineering control measures such as |
| | enclosure or confinement of the operation, general and local ventilation, and substitution |
| | of less toxic materials. When respiratory personal protective equipment is appropriate |
| | based on an assessment of respiratory hazards in the workplace, use a NIOSH- or |
| | CEN-certified respirator. |

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

| 9. Physical and Chemical Properties | |
|--|--|
| Physical State: | Solid |
| Molecular Formula: | C4H12CIN5 |
| Molecular Weight: | 165.62 |
| Odor: | Not available. |
| pH: | Not available. |
| Boiling Point Range: | Not available. |
| Freezing/Melting Point: | 223-242°C |
| Flash Point: | Not available. |
| Evaporation Rate: | Not available. |
| Flammability(solid,gas): | Please see section 2. |
| Explosive limits: | Not available. |
| Vapor Pressure: | Not available. |
| Vapor Density: | Not available. |
| Solubility: | Not available. |
| Relative Density: | 1.36 g/cm3 at 20.1 °C (68.2 °F) |
| Refractive Index: | Not available. |
| Volatility: | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition Temperature: | Not available. |
| Decomposition Temperature: | Not available. |
| Partition Coefficient: | Not available. |
| | |
| 10. Stability and Reactivity | |
| 10. Stability and Reactivity Reactivity: | Not available. |
| Reactivity: | Not available. Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures |
| Reactivity: Chemical stability: | Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures. |
| Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous reactions: | Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures. Not available. |
| Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous reactions: Conditions to avoid: | Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures. Not available. Dust generation. |
| Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous reactions: Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials: | Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures. Not available. Dust generation. Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous reactions: Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials: Hazardous decomposition products: | Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures. Not available. Dust generation. |
| Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous reactions: Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials: Hazardous decomposition products: 11. Toxicological Information | Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures. Not available. Dust generation. Strong oxidizing agents. Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride, Nitrogen oxides. |
| Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous reactions: Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials: Hazardous decomposition products: 11. Toxicological Information RTECS# | Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures. Not available. Dust generation. Strong oxidizing agents. Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride, Nitrogen oxides. DU1800000 |
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| Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous reactions: Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials: Hazardous decomposition products: 11. Toxicological Information RTECS# Acute toxicity: Routes of exposure: | Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures. Not available. Dust generation. Strong oxidizing agents. Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride, Nitrogen oxides. DU1800000 LD50 Intraperitoneal-Rat-500mg/kg; LD50 Oral-Mouse-1450mg/kg; LD50 Oral-Rat-1mg/kg; LD50 Subcutaneous-Rat-300mg/kg Inhalation,eye contact,skin contact,ingestion. |
| Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous reactions: Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials: Hazardous decomposition products: 11. Toxicological Information RTECS# Acute toxicity: Routes of exposure: Symptoms related to the physical,chemical | Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures. Not available. Dust generation. Strong oxidizing agents. Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride, Nitrogen oxides. DU1800000 LD50 Intraperitoneal-Rat-500mg/kg; LD50 Oral-Mouse-1450mg/kg; LD50 Oral-Rat-1mg/kg; LD50 Subcutaneous-Rat-300mg/kg Inhalation,eye contact,skin contact,ingestion. Skin contact may result in inflammation characterized by |
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| Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous reactions: Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials: Hazardous decomposition products: 11. Toxicological Information RTECS# Acute toxicity: Routes of exposure: Symptoms related to the physical,chemical | Stable under recommended temperatures and pressures. Not available. Dust generation. Strong oxidizing agents. Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride, Nitrogen oxides. DU1800000 LD50 Intraperitoneal-Rat-500mg/kg; LD50 Oral-Mouse-1450mg/kg; LD50 Oral-Rat-1mg/kg; LD50 Subcutaneous-Rat-300mg/kg Inhalation,eye contact,skin contact,ingestion. Skin contact may result in inflammation characterized by |

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respiratory system. Overexposure may result in serious illness or death.

Carcinogenicity

| IARC: | Not classified. |
|----------------------|--|
| NTP: | Not listed. |
| OSHA: | Not listed. |
| Acute toxic effects: | Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering. |

12. Ecological Information

| Toxicity to algae: EC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - > |
|--|
| 320 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201); Toxicity to daphnia and |
| other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 64 mg/l |
| - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202);Toxicity to fish: NOEC - Lepomis |
| macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) - > 932 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline |
| 203); |
| Not available. |
| Not available. |
| Not available. |
| Not available. |
| |

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal of waste: Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification. Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.

Disposal of packaging: Do not reuse containers. Dispose of as unused product.

| 14. Transportation Information | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| DOT (United States) | |
| UN number: | Not hazmat |
| Proper shipping name: | Not available. |
| Transport hazard class: | Not available. |
| Packing group: | Not available. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | |
| UN Number: | Not DG |
| Proper shipping name: | Not available. |
| Transport hazard class: | Not available. |
| Packing group: | Not available. |
| 15 Pagulatory Information | |

15. Regulatory Information

TSCA (United States)

This product is NOT on the EPA Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) inventory. The product is supplied solely for use in research and development by or under the supervision of a technically qualified individual as defined in 40 CFR § 720 et seq. The health risks have not been fully determined. Any information that is or becomes available will be supplied on the SDS.

| California Proposition 65: | Not Available | |
|----------------------------|---------------|---|
| NFPA Rating: | Health: | 1 |

Flammability: Instability:

0 1

16. Additional Information

Version: 2 Revision Date: 07/22/2022 Printed Date: 03/13/2024

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall AK Scientific be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if AK Scientific has been advised of the possibility of such damages.